



NEA GRANT HISTORY

SAA Fiscal Year	Partnership Agreement Grant	Other NEA Grants	Total NEA Funds
FY 2013:	\$769,300	\$0	\$769,300
FY 2012:	\$814,500	\$0	\$814,500
FY 2011:	\$884,000	\$0	\$884,000
FY 2010:	\$802,900	\$0	\$802,900
FY 2009:	\$776,900	\$0	\$776,900

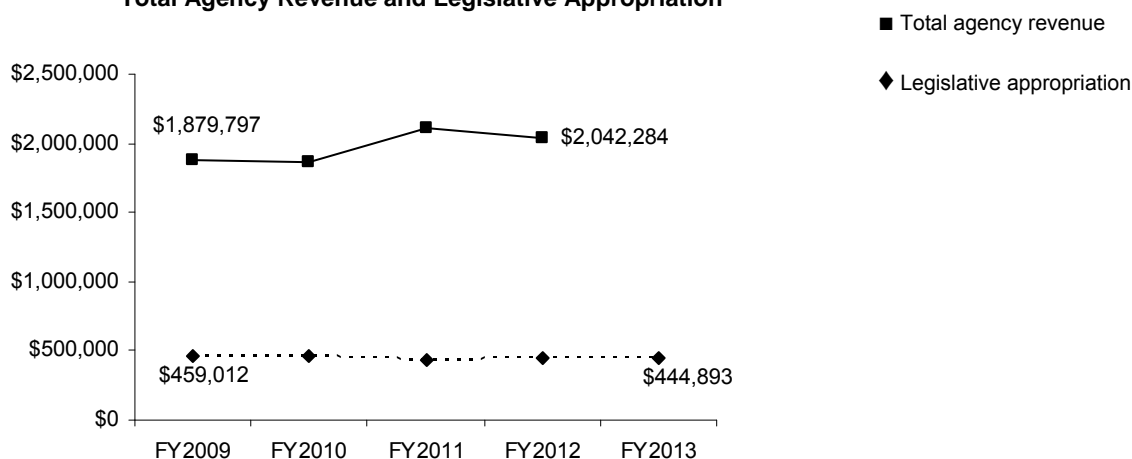
Generally, NEA and SAA fiscal years do not align and state activities are supported with funds from the NEA's prior fiscal year.

Partnership Agreement Grant: The grant supports agency activities that align with the NEA-approved state plan. NEA designates allocations for Poetry Out Loud; Arts Education; Arts in Underserved Communities; and Folk and Traditional Arts Partnership (optional). Poetry Out Loud and the Arts Education component are supported with NEA program funds over and above the 40% designated by law for state and regional agencies. The Arts Education allocation is further augmented with Underserved Communities funds.

Other NEA Grants: Includes restricted grants such as disaster relief, Arts and Accessibility awards, etc. Grant history does not include funds received as a part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act in FY 2009.

STATE APPROPRIATIONS HISTORY

Total Agency Revenue and Legislative Appropriation



FY 2013 Base Appropriation:	\$444,893
FY 2013 Line Item Appropriations:	\$0
FY 2013 Total Legislative Appropriation (Base + Line Items)	\$444,893
Total Appropriation Change FY 2009 to FY 2013:	-3.08%
FY 2012 Total Legislative Appropriation as a Percentage of General Fund Expenditures	0.025%

Base appropriation: State legislative funds allocated to the state arts agency. Excludes funds transferred from other state departments/accounts and other sources of non-state or non-NEA revenue.

Line item appropriations: State funds designated for specific organizations but passed through a state arts agency's budget.

Total agency revenue: Includes appropriations, line items, other state funds, NEA funding and other resources.

General fund expenditures: General fund refers to revenues accrued from broad-based taxes, fees, interest earnings and other sources which can be used for the general operation of state government.

All FY 2013 legislative appropriations figures are current as of July 2012 unless otherwise noted above.

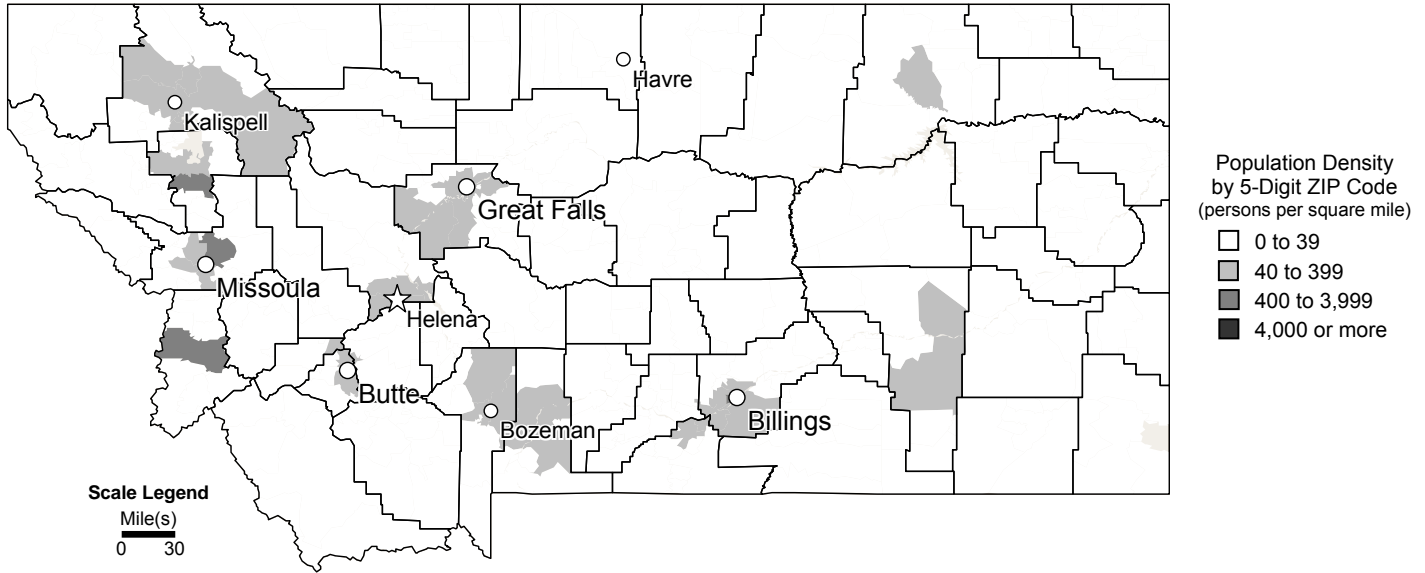
FY 2013 PER CAPITA LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION: \$0.45

Montana Arts Council
 Phone: (406) 444-6430 • Fax: (406) 444-6548 • Web site: <http://art.mt.gov>
 Regional Affiliation: Western States Arts Federation

Montana Arts Council

STATE DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

Montana – “The Treasure State”



State population: 998,199
Population rank (out of 50 states): 44
5-year population change: 4.8%

Number of counties: 54
Land area: 145,541 square miles
Land area rank (out of 50 states): 4

Legislative districts
State senate: 50
State house: 100
Federal Senators: 2
Federal Representatives: 1

Capital city: Helena
Population: 28,592
Largest city: Billings
Population: 105,636

Urban population: 35.0%
Rural population: 65.0%

Education

Number of school districts: 419
Number of public schools: 827
Number of students (preK-12): 141,693

Population by Age

School-aged (5-17 years): 16.1%
Senior citizen (65+ years): 15.2%

Income and Employment

Median annual household income
Montana: \$40,277
United States: \$50,054
Population below poverty line
Montana: 16.5%
United States: 15.0%
Unemployment rate
Montana: 6.4%
United States: 9.1%

Population by Race/Ori­gin

Asian: 0.7%
Black/African American: 0.5%
Native American/Alaska Native: 6.4%
Pacific Islander: 0.1%
White/Caucasian: 89.9%
Hispanic/Latino Origin: 3.1%

Hispanic/Latino refers to persons with origins in Latin America or other Spanish culture, regardless of race. The sum of all racial groups may exceed 100% because the U.S. Census collects multiple race codes for individuals.

Data Sources: Legislative appropriations and revenue data are drawn from standardized budget surveys submitted annually to NASAA by each state. Demographic figures are drawn from the U.S. Census Bureau; Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; National Center for Education Statistics; *The Book of the States 2012 Edition* and *The Fiscal Survey of the States, Spring 2012*. All data represents the most recent estimates as of July 2012.